

CROWN PRINCE ESCAPES TO GERMANY

WILL MAKE FOE PAY FOR SUNKEN SHIPS MAY HAVE FEARED TRIAL
PLANNED BY CONFERENCENOTE TO GERMANS CALLS
ACT VIOLATION OF TRUCEAllies Regard Work of Crews on Interned
Vessels as Deliberate Breach
of Peace Conditions.

By United Press:
PARIS, June 26.—"Sinking of the German fleet (in Scapa Flow) is not only a violation of the armistice, but can only be regarded as deliberate breach in advance of the conditions of the peace," the allied powers declared. In the note forwarded to Germany yesterday. The same was also said to be true of the burning of French battle flags in Germany.

"It is evident that any repetition of acts like those must have a very unfortunate effect upon the future operation of the treaty which the Germans are about to sign," the note said.

Notice was given that the allies would demand reparation for the sinking and trial of those responsible.

The note follows:
"The terms of the armistice signed by Germany on Nov. 11, 1918, provided as follows:

"Article XXIII.—The German surface warships which shall be specified by the allies and the United States shall forthwith be disarmed and thereafter interned in neutral ports, or failing them, in the allied ports designated by the allies and the United States, only care and maintenance parties being left on board."

"In law, Germany, by signing the terms of the armistice, entered into an understanding that the ships should remain in the ports indicated under such orders as would insure that the armistice should be observed.

Was Act of Bad Faith.
"The sinking of these ships constituted at once a violation of the armistice and an act of gross bad faith toward the allied and associated powers.

"The admiral in command, while recognizing that the act was a breach of the armistice, attempted to justify it by alleging his belief the armistice had come to an end. This alleged justification is not well founded, as, under the communication addressed to the German delegation on June 16, 1919, the armistice would only terminate on refusal to sign the peace, or, if no answer were returned June 23 at 5 o'clock.

"According to international law, every serious violation of the armistice by one of the parties gives the other the right to denounce it and even in case of urgency to recommence hostilities at once. A violation of the terms by individuals, acting on their own initiative, only confers the right of denunciation if necessary, indemnity for the losses sustained. It will therefore, be open to the allied and associated powers to bring before military tribunals the persons responsible for these acts of destruction, so that appropriate penalties may be imposed. Furthermore, the incident gives the allied and associated powers a right to reparation for the loss caused.

"Lastly, the sinking of the German fleet is not only a violation of the armistice, but can only be regarded as a deliberate breach in advance of the conditions of peace.

"In consequence, the allied and associated powers declare that they take note of these signal facts of bad faith and that when the investigations have been completed, they will exact the necessary reparations. It is evident that any repetition of acts like those must have a very unfortunate effect upon the future operation of the treaty which the Germans are about to sign. They have made complaint of the 15 years' period of occupation which the treaty contemplates. They have made complaint that admission to the league of nations may be too long deferred. How can Germany put forth such claims if she encourages or permits deliberate violations of her written engagements. She cannot complain should the allies use the full powers conferred on them by the treaty if she deliberately violates its provisions."

The Lighter Side
In the Day's News

CHICAGO—All is fair in love and war—especially in spring time. Yet —67 romance loving gobs are in the brig at Great Lakes naval training station, authorities reported today.

CHICAGO—William Ackland, Canadian veteran of the great war, today freely admitted in court he is afraid of his 110 pound "hon." He obtained a court order for his clothes.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Rev. O. V. Anderson married Marie Cornelia Anderson to Arthur Anderson, who thinks the name is lucky.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—On his 100th birthday Philip Green decided to make out his first will. "I've reached my objective for longevity," he told his attorney.

OMAHA, Neb.—It's the soldiers' home for Henry Mack, 80 years old colored veteran, unless he keeps out of hen roosts. Mack told the judge "I just kaint leave 'em alone" and was paroled to his wife.

KINGSTON, N. Y.—When his daughter failed to graduate from school, Martin Coons held the principal responsible and beat him up.

WASHINGTON—Golden Rule, a printer, is being sued for divorce by his wife, Elizabeth Rule, for not "adhering to the sentiments contained in the original of his name."

EXPECT NO HITCH
IN ROAD PROGRAMGoodrich Will Endorse Plans
As Now Drawn, Officials Believe.

By United Press:
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 26.—Indiana's great road building program will go through without any serious hitch.

That was the viewpoint of state and county officials today, who heard Gov. Goodrich last night at the testimonial dinner given to the Hoosier Motor club. The governor indicated clearly, it was agreed that he favors the plans and will endorse the system when it reaches him.

The governor called upon the motorists of the entire state to get back of the affiliated motor organizations and support them, declaring that they were responsible for the development of the good roads plan more than any other agency.

An automobile adorned with the insignia of the American Automobile association and the Hoosier Motor club led the long train of the armistice, Col. Will Brown related.

WHEAT RIPENS EARLY;
FEAR LABOR SHORTAGE

By United Press:
KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 26.—Hot weather is ripening Kansas wheat prematurely and harvest labor bureaus today faced a shortage of men, due to calls for labor being received a week earlier than anticipated.

Bureaus at Wichita, Topeka and Salina reported an urgent need of harvest hands. The supply at the local labor office is normal but must be increased. According to Director A. L. Barkman, five thousand men are needed at once.

Reports from Kansas fields place the yield at 25 and 30 bushels of wheat to the acre.

Enter Mexico With Armored Cars



American armored cars lead way into Mexico.

When the American troops rushed into Mexico to quell the Villa rebels who were attacking Juarez and whose fire endangered the lives of American citizens in El Paso, just across the border, heavily armored motor cars led the way across the International bridge. The photo shows one of the armored cars of the 24th United States Infantry leading the way into Juarez, Infantry, cavalry and artillery following in the wake of the motor cars, quickly drove the Villista forces from the city and its environs.

PRESENT ITALIAN
ENVOYS TO SIGN

Government Empowers Representatives to Prevent Delay in Concluding Peace.

By United Press:
ROME, June 25.—The Italian peace commission now in Paris has been authorized to sign the German treaty, it was announced today. The new delegation was expected to leave Saturday for Paris. Empowering of the old delegation to sign was believed to result from a wish not to delay in any way the ceremony at Versailles.

Following Foreign Minister Tittoni's address before the senate this evening, that body voted 94 to 7 in favor of Sen. Prince Colonna's resolution, expressing confidence in the new Italian peace delegates and the firm hope that Italy's claims will triumph. Tittoni declared the new commission will not abandon Italy's original claims.

Want No Secrets.
"Italy's foreign policy must be the people's foreign policy," said Tittoni. "The time for secret formulas and conventional appliances is definitely over."

"The government intends to inaugurate a new policy immediately by asking the allies' permission to communicate to the Italian parliament the full text of the pact of London (the secret treaty entered into by Italy, Great Britain, France and Russia in 1915, which forms the basis for Italy's territorial claims, with the exception of Fiume).

"The program of the new peace delegation does not include abandonment of the original claims, because of its members."

The chamber of deputies will reopen July 2.

Wants Congress
To Act to Stop
Fight at ToledoBy United Press:
WASHINGTON, June 26.—A resolution urging the governor of Ohio to prevent the Willard-Dempsey fight at Toledo, July 4, because it "desecrates the nation's birthday" was introduced in the house today by Rep. Randall of California, prohibitionist.

"The fight would dishonor the nation throughout the world," the resolution reads.

One of the participants in this proposed fight engaged in a similar fight a few years ago with Jack Johnson, a notorious fugitive from justice, who has confessed that he was bought off and threw the fight to his adversary.

"Congress on July 21, 1912, enacted a statute denying permission to import or transport in interstate commerce motion picture films of prize fights in this country. Why should a fight between bruiser slackers, who were not brave enough to join the war against German murderers, be permitted in this country?"

TO MAKE SEPARATE DRY
LAWS FOR TWO PERIODS

WASHINGTON, June 26.—The house judiciary committee today decided to provide separate enforcement acts for constitutional and war-time prohibition.

WILSON TO SEAL PEACE
WITH WEDDING RING

By United Press:
PARIS, June 26.—The personal seal which President Wilson will attach to the peace treaty will be made from the impression of a seal ring, manufactured from a gold nugget presented to him by the state of California for a wedding ring. The signet is his name, in shorthand, resembling Arabic characters.

J. Q. AMES HOME
FROM OVERSEAS"Y" Secretary With Long
Military Record Expects to
Visit in South Bend.

John Quincy Ames, who before the war was general secretary of the Y. M. C. A. in South Bend, has arrived in New York after more than a year and a half of strenuous warfare work in France.

"At St. Aizman, where we organized work in the big replacement camp," he said, "the hardships our American soldiers endured in the early days of the war, were intense. Beds were unknown, or unobtainable at that time, and unaccustomed as they were to the exigencies of the service, it was mighty uncomfortable to have to sleep on damp stone floors, or the ground.

"The Y was fortunate in having enough secretaries here to visit regularly the 30 or 40 odd villages where the men were billeted. Of course we lacked equipment and adequate buildings, but we were able to get the much desired smokes and little luxuries to the men, even though we had to purchase them at local markets at considerable expense. Later we bought antique furniture from the inhabitants and equipped our huts."

Was Regional Director.
Ames was at Toul as regional director for the "Y" with the second army when the armistice was signed. He said that everything was ready for the last big drive on Metz from this direction and disappointment ran high when the men were deprived of the big opportunity. Some of them had never seen front line service and were more than eager to cross swords with the war Hun.

Speaking of the relief work in this section among repatriated war prisoners.

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TAKE MUNCIE
MAYOR AS AID
TO SWINDLERSState's Attorney Also In Net
As Federal Indictments
Are Served.

By United Press:
MUNCIE, Ind., June 26.—Charged with conspiracy to use the United States mail to defraud, Dr. R. H. Bunch, mayor of Muncie, and Horace G. Murphy, state's attorney for Delaware county, were arrested here at 9:30 o'clock this morning by United States Marshal Stopen.

Bond of \$10,000 was given by each, George Klein and Alfred Davis signing that of Mayor Bunch, and Ralph Ault and Henry Keller that of Pros. Murphy.

The officials were called to the post office soon after the arrival of Marshal Stopen at 8:30 o'clock. Neither made any statement as they entered the post office.

Indicted by Jury.
Both men were indicted by the federal grand jury, which investigated the operations of a gang of men, who it is charged mulcted victims out of approximately \$500,000 by staging fake fight and sporting events. The average "plum" was \$10,000, although some persons contributed as little as \$3,000 and other contributions exceeded the average.

The indictment charges specifically that Bunch and Murphy shared in protection money from the fake fight swindle gang. It is charged that the gang set aside \$1,000 for each deal and this was used to buy immunity from Muncie officials.

Charge Share in Deal.
It is charged further that Bunch and Murphy each promised the gang share immunity and that on one occasion, Murphy complied to William M. Collins, said to be the ring leader, that \$500 was due him for failing to prosecute the alleged swindlers.

One count charges Bunch with receiving \$200 on Jan. 23, 1919, from George Aulk, who has not yet been arrested.

Thirteen of the gang are under arrest now and it is said that some of them have confessed. The confessions of Collins are said to have implicated Bunch and Murphy. Thirty-five men were indicted in connection with the fraud and the arrest of these men is the initial one since the grand jury reported last Friday in Indianapolis.

The swindle usually was perpetrated by staging a "fixed" prize fight, which the intended victim would consider in his favor. He generally had \$10,000 wagered on the fight and the stakeholder would "go south."

WILL SIGN TREATY AT
3 O'CLOCK SATURDAY

By United Press:
PARIS, June 26.—A decision to sign the peace treaty at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon—providing the Germans arrive that morning as promised—was reached by the allies today, it was officially announced.

Royalist Faction Gaining Strength in
Fatherland—Report Attempts to
Restore Monarchy.

By United Press:
PARIS, June 26.—Friedrich Wilhelm Hohenzollern, former German crown prince, has escaped from Holland into Germany, the big three were advised today.

The former crown prince was accompanied by a staff officer, the report said.

The former crown prince remained with the German armies for a time after the emperor's abdication of Nov. 9. He later made his way to the Dutch border and was temporarily interned at Maastricht. He left for Amsterdam, a little fishing village on the island of Wierken near the Dutch naval station at Helder, Nov. 21. He has remained there with only occasional visits to the mainland, ever since.

The belief has prevailed in some quarters that Friedrich Wilhelm's name will be included in the list of those accused of war crimes which the allies will present to Germany after peace is signed, with a request they be turned over for trial by an international tribunal.

Recent reports from Germany indicate the royalist faction is gaining strength. A note was recently sent to the Dutch government by the German Officers' association, demanding that Holland refuse the allies' request for extradition of the former emperor. Several incipient movements for restoration of the monarchy have been reported in the Rhine provinces, which have always been particularly loyal to the Hohenzollerns.

TO RECEIVE NC. FLYERS
WITH ROYAL WELCOME

OWL PROPRIETOR
NOT GUILTY, IS
JURY'S VERDICT"Tony" Barrett Freed After
Short Night Session; Sealed
Verdict is Given.

In a little more than an hour last night the jury in the case of John C. "Tony" Barrett, charged with having intoxicating liquor in his possession unlawfully, decided upon a verdict of not guilty. The verdict was opened by Judge Montgomery when court convened this morning.

The case went to the jury at 10:15 o'clock last night. The defense introduced no evidence. Two witnesses, Chief of Police Kline and Asst. Chief Cassidy, had been subpoenaed to testify in behalf of the "Owl" proprietor, but they were not put on the stand.

The case grew out of the raid made on the defendant's former saloon on Center st., which took place Feb. 4 of this year. Officers who made the raid testified that they secured a quantity of whisky at the "Owl" when they made the raid.

A gallon container and several bottles were offered in evidence. The police officers testified that they had tasted the contents of the large jug, but had not made any effort to learn what was in the other bottles, other than look at them.

Whisky Becomes Water.
Shortly after the arrest of Mr. Barrett, which was the second arrest on the same charge, another raid having been staged some months before, the first case came up in the superior court. When the supposed whisky was entered in evidence, it was found that the bottles contained nothing but sweetened water, colored to resemble whisky.

The judge in this case, Vitus G. Jones, did not allow the case to go to the jury, stating that the state lacked evidence, although a number of policemen testified that they had secured whisky, and not colored water, when they made the raid.

The following day, Pros. Atty. S. P. Schwartz went to the office of Chief Kline, demanding the evidence in the second Barrett case, since he said he feared that it, too, might turn into water while being held at the city hall. After some delay, the evidence was produced, but this too had become harmless liquid.

Gets Depositions.
Pros. Atty. Schwartz then secured depositions from the police officers who had participated in the raid upon the Barrett establishment, and offered these in court, despite objections.

The committee on organization is composed of Dr. C. Shidier, Dan Pyle, Dr. W. H. Baker, E. R. Austin, W. Bloomfield and Rev. A. M. Zeila.

UNCLE SAM SELLS BOOZE.

By United Press:
CHICAGO, June 26.—Uncle Sam for a while yesterday was a dispenser of booze. At an auction sale, conducted by the department of internal revenue, 500 gallons of whisky seized in Michigan raids, sold for \$1,500.

The Covenanter Articles

Making Clear All Phases of the Paris
Covenant of the LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Collaborating Authors:

William H. Taft, Ex-President of the United States.
George W. Wickersham, Ex-Attorney General of the United States.
A. Lawrence Lowell, President of Harvard University.ARTICLE XVI.
Sanction Behind Obligations.

The world war has brought home the need of having behind international obligations a sanction that shall make them a binding force, instead of mere honorable engagements. Without Articles X and XVI the league would be no more than an agreement on the part of the members that they would do right, with no compulsion for those that broke faith. These articles make it a real association to maintain and enforce peace.

The two articles must be read together. To a large extent they cover

the same ground, and provide for the same contingency. Article XVI declaring in part how the obligations of Article X are to be carried out, and yet they do not wholly coincide. Cases may arise which bring one of them into effect, but do not touch the other. If, for example, an arbitral award, let us say on a question of ill treatment of citizens, is made in favor of one nation with which the other fails to comply, the first may, to compel compliance, attack the second without incurring the penalties of Article XVI, because it is not resorting to war in disregard of its covenants. But the first

nation would not be at liberty to destroy the independence or annex the territory of the second. That would entail the obligation of Article X. On the other hand, a war for the same cause begun without submission to inquiry would be a violation of Article XVI, but not of Article X if it did not involve the integrity or independence of the country attacked. This was true of our war of 1812; and on the same principle President Roosevelt took the ground that hostilities by European nations to collect claims against Venezuela did not violate the Monroe doctrine if no annexation of territory or de-

struction of independence was contemplated.

Works Automatically.
Article XVI declares that if any member of the league should resort to war in disregard of its covenants "it shall ipso facto be deemed to have committed an act of war against all other members of the league, which hereby undertake immediately to subject it to a boycott and blockade, and to do certain other things. Now it must be observed that this sanction is automatic on the part of the members of the league. In case of

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